



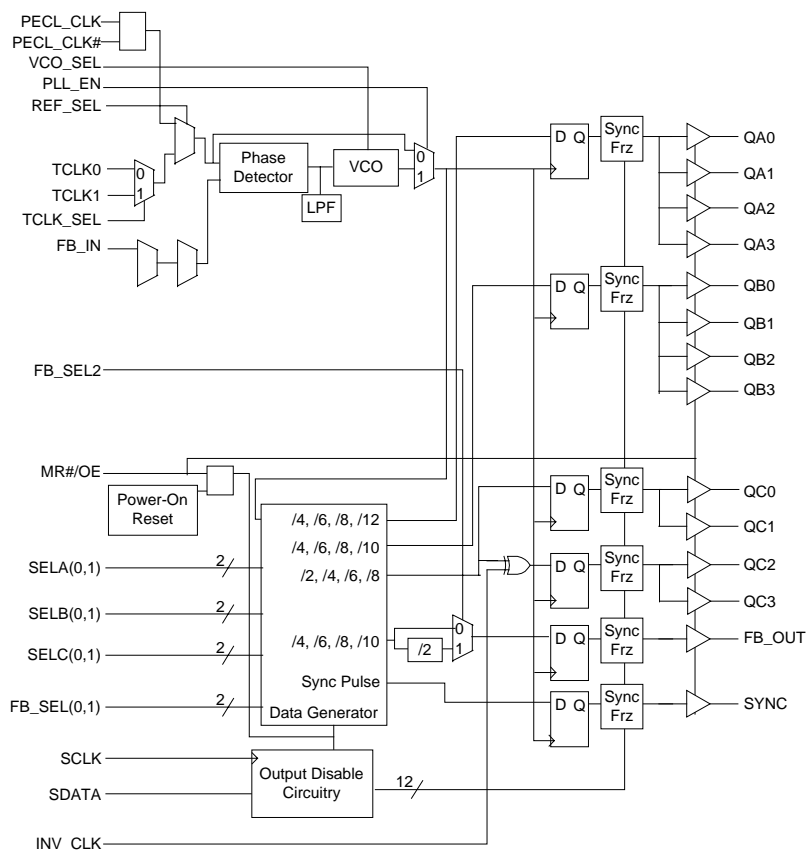
# Z9973

## 3.3V, 125MHz, Multi-Output Zero Delay Buffer

### Product Features

- Output Frequency up to 125MHz
- Supports PowerPC™, and Pentium™ Processors
- 12 Clock Outputs: Frequency Configurable
- Configurable Output Disable
- Two Reference Clock Inputs for Dynamic Toggling
- Oscillator or PECL Reference Input
- Spread Spectrum Compatible
- Glitch-free Output Clocks Transitioning
- 3.3V Power Supply
- Pin Compatible with MPC973
- Industrial Temp. Range: -40°C to +85°C
- 52-Pin TQFP Package

### Block Diagram



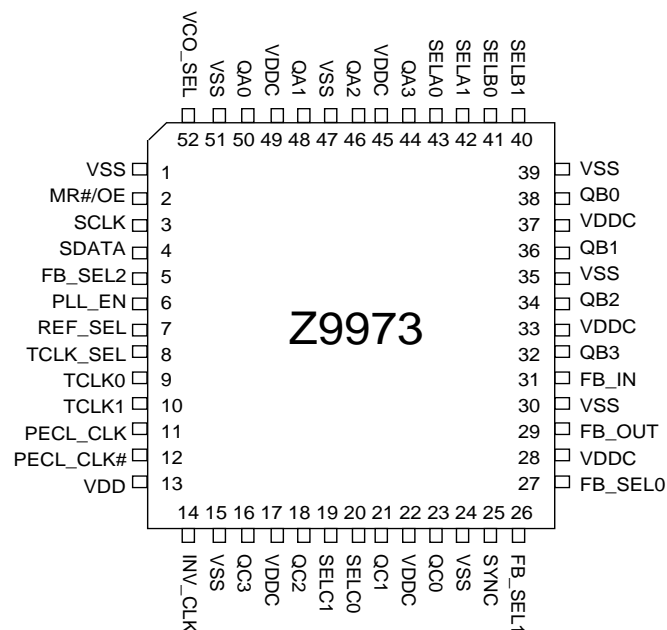
### Frequency Table \*

VCO_SEL	FB_SEL2	FB_SEL1	FB_SEL0	F <sub>VCO</sub>
0	0	0	0	8x
0	0	0	1	12x
0	0	1	0	16x
0	0	1	1	20x
0	1	0	0	16x
0	1	0	1	24x
0	1	1	0	32x
0	1	1	1	40x
1	0	0	0	4x
1	0	0	1	6x
1	0	1	0	8x
1	0	1	1	10x
1	1	0	0	8x
1	1	0	1	12x
1	1	1	0	16x
1	1	1	1	20x

Table 1

\* x = the reference input frequency, 200MHz < F<sub>VCO</sub> < 480MHz.

### Pin Configuration



**3.3V, 125MHz, Multi-Output Zero Delay Buffer**
**Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	PWR	I/O	TYPE	Description
11	PECL_CLK		I	PU	PECL Clock Input.
12	PECL_CLK#		I	PD	PECL Clock Input.
9	TCLK0		I	PU	External Reference/Test Clock Input.
10	TCLK1		I	PU	External Reference/Test Clock Input.
44, 46, 48, 50	QA(3:0)	VDDC	O		Clock Outputs. See Table 2 for frequency selections.
32, 34, 36, 38	QB(3:0)	VDDC	O		Clock Outputs. See Table 2 for frequency selections.
16, 18, 21, 23	QC(3:0)	VDDC	O		Clock Outputs. See Table 2 for frequency selections.
29	FB_OUT	VDDC	O		Feedback Clock Output. Connect to FB_IN for normal operation. The divider ratio for this output is set by FB_SEL(0:2). See Frequency Table. A bypass delay capacitor at this output will control Input Reference/ Output Banks phase relationships.
25	SYNC	VDDC	O		Synchronous Pulse Output. This output is used for system synchronization. The rising edge of the output pulse is in sync with both the rising edges of QA (0:3) and QC(0:3) output clocks regardless of the divider ratios selected.
42, 43	SELA(1,0)		I	PU	Frequency Select Inputs. These inputs select the divider ratio at QA(0:3) outputs. See Table 2
40, 41	SELB(1,0)		I	PU	Frequency Select Inputs. These inputs select the divider ratio at QB(0:3) outputs. See Table 2
19, 20	SELC(1,0)		I	PU	Frequency Select Inputs. These inputs select the divider ratio at QC(0:3) outputs. See Table 2
5, 26, 27	FB_SEL(2:0)		I	PU	Feedback Select Inputs. These inputs select the divide ratio at FB_OUT output. See Table 1
52	VCO_SEL		I	PU	VCO Divider Select Input. When set low, the VCO output is divided by 2. When set high, the divider is bypassed. See Table 1
31	FB_IN		I	PU	Feedback Clock Input. Connect to FB_OUT for accessing the PLL.
6	PLL_EN		I	PU	PLL Enable Input. When asserted high, PLL is enabled. And when low, PLL is bypassed.
7	REF_SEL		I	PU	Reference Select Input. When high, the PECL clock is selected. And when low, TCLK (0,1) is the reference clock.
8	TCLK_SEL		I	PU	TCLK Select Input. When low, TCLK0 is selected and when high TCLK1 is selected.
2	MR#/OE		I	PU	Master Reset/Output Enable Input. When asserted low, resets all of the internal flip-flops and also disables all of the outputs. When pulled high, releases the internal flip-flops from reset and enables all of the outputs.
14	INV_CLK		I	PU	Inverted Clock Input. When set high, QC(2,3) outputs are inverted. When set low, the inverter is bypassed.
3	SCLK		I	PU	Serial Clock Input. Clocks data at SDATA into the internal register.
4	SDATA		I	PU	Serial Data Input. Input data is clocked to the internal register to enable/disable individual outputs. This provides flexibility in power management.
17, 22, 28, 33, 37, 45, 49	VDDC				3.3V Power Supply for Output Clock Buffers.
13	VDD				3.3V Supply for PLL
1, 15, 24, 30, 35, 39, 47, 51	VSS				Common Ground

**A bypass capacitor (0.1μF) should be placed as close as possible to each positive power pin (<0.2"). If these bypass capacitors are not close to the pins their high frequency filtering characteristic will be cancelled by the lead inductance of the traces.**

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### Maximum Ratings

Input Voltage Relative to VSS:	VSS-0.3V
Input Voltage Relative to VDD:	VDD+0.3V
Storage Temperature:	-65°C to + 150°C
Operating Temperature:	-40°C to +85°C
Maximum Power Supply:	5.5V

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric field; however, precautions should be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than the maximum rated voltages to this circuit. For proper operation, Vin and Vout should be constrained to the range:

$$VSS < (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) < VDD$$

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (either VSS or VDD).

### DC Parameters

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
Input Low Voltage	VIL	VSS	-	0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	VIH	2.0	-	VDD	V	
Peak-to-Peak Input Voltage PECL_CLK	VPP	300	-	1000	mV	Note 1
Common Mode Range PECL_CLK	VCMR	VDD-2.0	-	VDD-0.6	V	
Input Low Current ( @ VIL = VSS)	IIL			-120	μA	Note 3
Input High Current ( @ VIH = VDD)	IIH			120	μA	Note 3
Output Low Voltage	VOL			0.5	V	IOL = 20mA, Note 2
Output High Voltage	VOH	2.4			V	IOH = -20mA, Note 2
Quiescent Supply Current	IDDC	-	10	15	mA	All VDDC and VDD
PLL Supply Current	IDD		15	20	mA	VDD only
Input Pin Capacitance	Cin	-	-	4	pF	
<b>VDD = VDDC = 3.3V ± 5%, TA = -40°C to +85°C</b>						

**Note 1:** The VCMR is the difference from the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained when the "High" input is within the VCMR range and the input lies within the VPP specification.

**Note 2:** Driving series or parallel terminated 50Ω (or 50Ω to VDD/2) transmission lines.

**Note 3:** Inputs have pull-up/pull-down resistors that affect input current

## 3.3V, 125MHz, Multi-Output Zero Delay Buffer

### AC Parameters<sup>1</sup>

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CONDITIONS
Tr / Tf	TCLK Input Rise / Fall				3.0	ns	
Fref	Reference Input Frequency		Note 2		Note 2	MHz	
FrefDC	Reference Input Duty Cycle		25		75	%	
Fvco	PLL VCO Lock Range		200		480	MHz	
Tlock	Maximum PLL lock Time				10	ms	
Tr / Tf	Output Clocks Rise / Fall Time <sup>3</sup>		0.15		1.2	ns	0.8V to 2.0V
Fout	Maximum Output Frequency		-		125	MHz	Q (÷2)
					120		Q (÷4)
					80		Q (÷6)
					60		Q (÷8)
FoutDC	Output Duty Cycle <sup>3</sup>		TCYCLE/2 – 750		TCYCLE/2 + 750	ps	
tpZL, tpZH	Output Enable Time <sup>3</sup> (all outputs)		2		10	ns	
tpLZ, tpHZ	Output Disable Time <sup>3</sup> (all outputs)		2		8	ns	
TCCJ	Cycle to Cycle Jitter <sup>3</sup> (peak to peak)			+/- 100		ps	
TSKEW	Any Output to Any Output Skew <sup>3,4</sup>				350	ps	
Tpd	Propagation Delay <sup>4,5</sup>	PECL_CLK	-225	-25	175	ps	QFB =(÷8)
		TCLK0	-70	130	330		
		TCLK1	-130	70	270		
VDD = VDDC = 3.3V +/- 5%, TA = -40°C to +85°C							

**VDD = VDDC = 3.3V +/- 5%, TA = -40°C to +85°C**

**Note 1:** Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production.

**Note 2:** Maximum and minimum input reference is limited by VCO lock range.

**Note 3:** Outputs loaded with 30pF each.

**Note 4:** 50Ω transmission line terminated into VDDC/2.

**Note 5:** Tpd is specified for a 50MHz input reference. Tpd does not include jitter.



# Z9973

## 3.3V, 125MHz, Multi-Output Zero Delay Buffer

### Description

The Z9973 has an integrated PLL that provides low skew and low jitter clock outputs for high performance microprocessors. Three independent banks of four outputs as well as an independent PLL feedback output, FB\_OUT, provide exceptional flexibility for possible output configurations. The PLL is ensured stable operation given that the VCO is configured to run between 200 MHz to 480 MHz. This allows a wide range of output frequencies up to 125MHz.

The phase detector compares the input reference clock to the external feedback input. For normal operation, the external feedback input, FB\_IN, is connected to the feedback output, FB\_OUT. The internal VCO is running at multiples of the input reference clock set by FB\_SEL(0:2) and VCO\_SEL select inputs, refer to Frequency Table. The VCO frequency is then divided down to provide the required output frequencies. These dividers are set by SELA(0,1), SELB(0,1), SELC(0,1) select inputs, see table 2 below. For situations where the VCO needs to run at relatively low frequencies and hence might not be stable, assert VCO\_SEL low to divide the VCO frequency by 2. This will maintain the desired output relationships, but will provide an enhanced PLL lock range.

The Z9973 is also capable of providing inverted output clocks. When INV\_CLK is asserted high, QC2 and QC3 output clocks are inverted. These clocks could be used as feedback outputs to the Z9973 or a second PLL device to generate early or late clocks for a specific design. This inversion does not affect the output to output skew.

VCO_SEL	SELA1	SELA0	QA	SELB1	SELB0	QB	SELC1	SELC0	QC
0	0	0	VCO/8	0	0	VCO/8	0	0	VCO/4
0	0	1	VCO/12	0	1	VCO/12	0	1	VCO/8
0	1	0	VCO/16	1	0	VCO/16	1	0	VCO/12
0	1	1	VCO/24	1	1	VCO/20	1	1	VCO/16
1	0	0	VCO/4	0	0	VCO/4	0	0	VCO/2
1	0	1	VCO/6	0	1	VCO/6	0	1	VCO/4
1	1	0	VCO/8	1	0	VCO/8	1	0	VCO/6
1	1	1	VCO/12	1	1	VCO/10	1	1	VCO/8

Table 2



# Z9973

## 3.3V, 125MHz, Multi-Output Zero Delay Buffer

### Zero Delay Buffer

When used as a zero delay buffer the Z9973 will likely be in a nested clock tree application. For these applications the Z9973 offers a low voltage PECL clock input as a PLL reference. This allows the user to use LVPECL as the primary clock distribution device to take advantage of its far superior skew performance. The Z9973 then can lock onto the LVPECL reference and translate with near zero delay to low skew outputs.

By using one of the outputs as a feedback to the PLL the propagation delay through the device is eliminated. The PLL works to align the output edge with the input reference edge thus producing a near zero delay. The reference frequency affects the static phase offset of the PLL and thus the relative delay between the inputs and outputs. Because the static phase offset is a function of the reference clock the Tpd of the Z9973 is a function of the configuration used.

### Glitch-Free Output Frequency Transitions

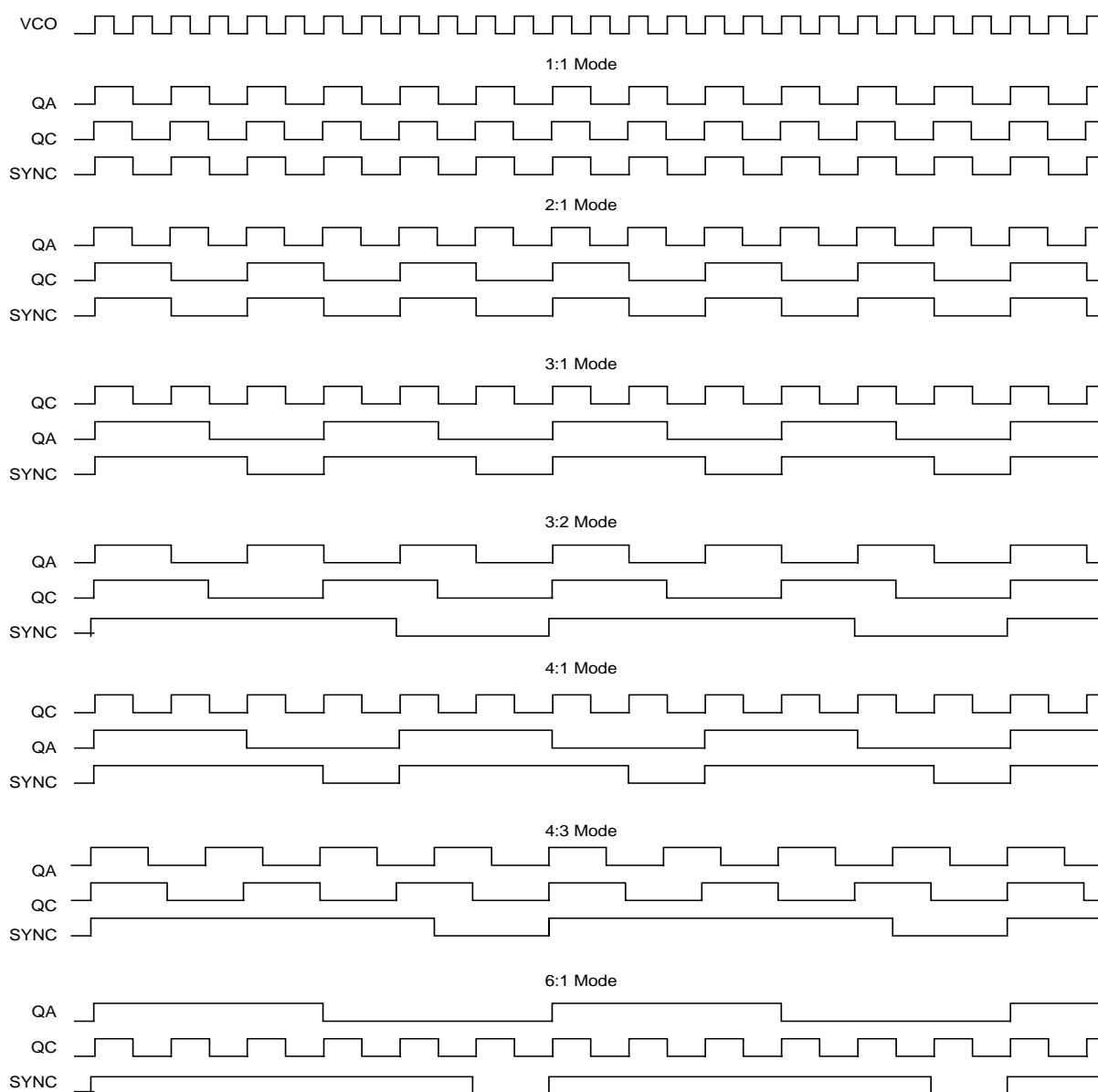
Customarily when output buffers have their internal counter's changed "on the fly" their output clock periods will:

- A. Contain short or "runt" clock periods. These are clock cycles in which the cycle(s) are shorter in period than either the old or new frequency that is being transitioned to.
- B. Contain stretched clock periods. These are clock cycles in which the cycle(s) are longer in period than either the old or new frequency that is being transitioned to.

This device specifically includes logic to guarantee that runt and stretched clock pulses do not occur if the device logic levels of any or all of the following pins changed "on the fly" while it is operating: SELA, SELB, SELC, and VCO\_SEL.

### SYNC Output

In situations where output frequency relationships are not integer multiples of each other the SYNC output provides a signal for system synchronization. The Z9973 monitors the relationship between the QA and the QC output clocks. It provides a low going pulse, one period in duration, one period prior to the coincident rising edges of the QA and QC outputs. The duration and the placement of the pulse depend on the higher of the QA and QC output frequencies. The following timing diagram illustrates various waveforms for the SYNC output. Note that the SYNC output is defined for all possible combinations of the QA and QC outputs even though under some relationships the lower frequency clock could be used as a synchronizing signal.





### Power Management

The individual output enable / freeze control of the Z9973 allows the user to implement unique power management schemes into the design. The outputs are stopped in the logic '0' state when the freeze control bits are activated. The serial input register contains one programmable freeze enable bit for 12 of the 14 output clocks. The QC0 and FB\_OUT outputs can not be frozen with the serial port, this avoids any potential lock up situation should an error occur in the loading of the serial data. An output is frozen when a logic '0' is programmed and enabled when a logic '1' is written. The enabling and freezing of individual outputs is done in such a manner as to eliminate the possibility of partial "runt" clocks.

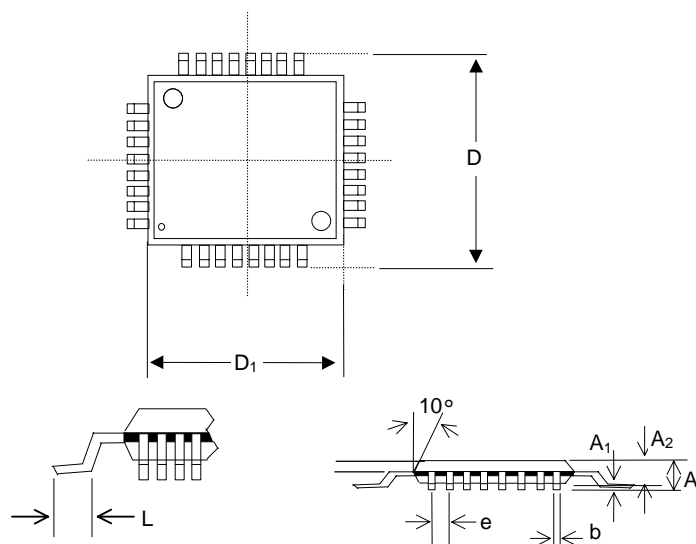
The serial input register is programmed through the SDATA input by writing a logic '0' start bit followed by 12 NRZ freeze enable bits. The period of each SDATA bit equals the period of the free running SCLK signal. The SDATA is sampled on the rising edge of SCLK.

Start Bit	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	D11
-----------	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----	-----

D0-D3 are the control bits for QA0-QA3, respectively  
D4-D7 are the control bits for QB0-QB3, respectively  
D8-D10 are the control bits for QC1-QC3, respectively  
D11 is the control bit for SYNC



### Package Drawing and Dimensions (52 TQFP)



### 52 Pin TQFP Outline Dimensions

SYMBOL	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	-	0.047	-	-	1.20
A <sub>1</sub>	0.002	-	0.006	0.05	-	0.15
A <sub>2</sub>	0.037	-	0.041	0.95	-	1.05
D	-	0.472	-	-	12.00	-
D <sub>1</sub>	-	0.394	-	-	10.00	-
b	0.009	-	0.015	0.22	-	0.38
e	0.026 BSC			0.65 BSC		
L	0.018	-	0.030	0.45	-	0.75

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Production Flow
Z9973BA	52 TQFP	Industrial, -40°C to +85°C

**Note:** The ordering part number is formed by a combination of device number, device revision, package style, and screening as shown below.

**Marking:** Example: CYPRESS  
Z9973BA  
Date Code, Lot #

Z9973BA

Package  
A = TQFP

Revision

Device Number

### Notice

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Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	107125	06/06/01	IKA	Convert from IMI to Cypress
*A	108067	07/03/01	NDP	Changed Commercial to Industrial