



W40S11-03

SDRAM Buffer - 3 DIMM

Features

- Fourteen skew-controlled CMOS outputs (SDRAM0:13)
- Supports three SDRAM DIMMs
- Ideal for high-performance systems designed around Intel®'s latest chip set
- I²C™ serial configuration interface
- Clock Skew between any two outputs is less than 250 ps
- 1 to 5 ns propagation delay
- DC to 133-MHz operation
- Single 3.3V supply voltage
- Low power CMOS design packaged in a 28-pin, 300-mil SOIC (Small Outline Integrated Circuit)

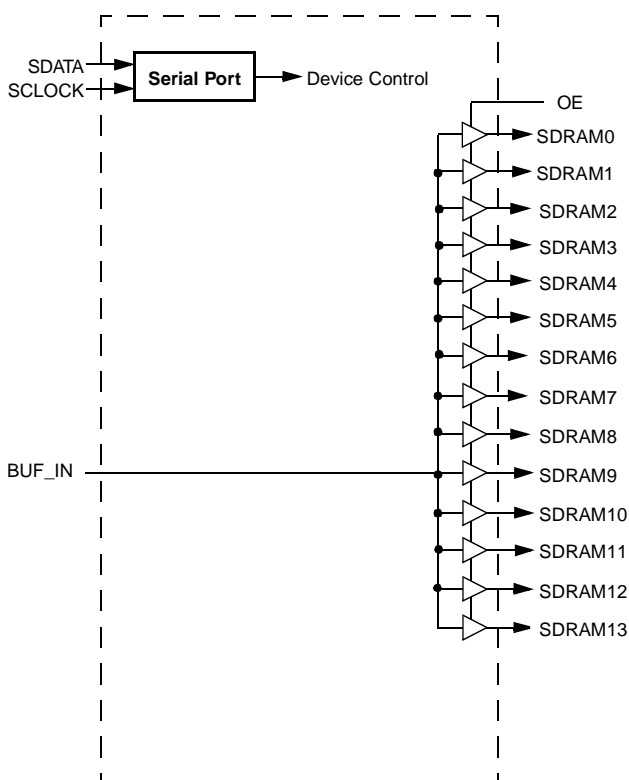
Overview

The Cypress W40S11-03 is a low-voltage, fourteen-output buffer. Output buffer impedance is approximately 15Ω, which is ideal for driving SDRAM DIMMs.

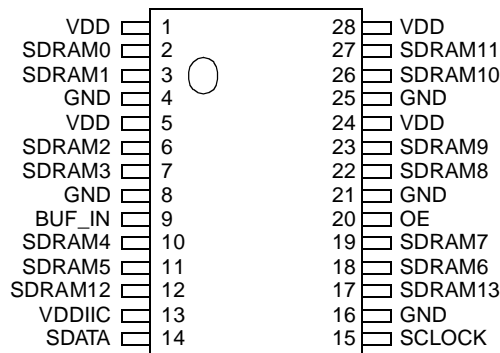
Key Specifications

Supply Voltages:..... $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$
 Operating Temperature:..... 0°C to +70°C
 Input Threshold: 1.5V typical
 Maximum Input Voltage: $V_{DD} + 0.5V$
 Input Frequency:..... 0 to 133 MHz
 BUF_IN to SDRAM0:13 Propagation Delay: 1.0 to 5.0 ns
 Output Edge Rate:..... $\geq 1.5 V/ns$
 Output Skew: $\pm 250 ps$
 Output Duty Cycle: 45/55% worst case
 Output Impedance:..... 15Ω typical
 Output Type: CMOS rail-to-rail

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration^[1]



Note:

1. Internal pull-up resistor of 250K on SDATA, SCLOCK, and OE inputs.

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Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Description
SDRAM0:13	2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 18, 19, 22, 23, 26, 27, 12, 17	O	SDRAM Outputs: Provides buffered copy of BUF_IN. The propagation delay from a rising input edge to a rising output edge is 1 to 5 ns. All outputs are skew controlled to within ± 250 ps of each other.
BUF_IN	9	I	Clock Input: This clock input has an input threshold voltage of 1.5V (typ).
SDATA	14	I/O	I²C Data Input: Data should be presented to this input as described in the I ² C section of this data sheet. Internal 250-k Ω pull-up resistor.
SCLOCK	15	I	I²C Clock Input: The I ² C Data clock should be presented to this input as described in the I ² C section of this data sheet. Internal 250-k Ω pull-up resistor.
VDDIIC	13	P	Power Connection: Power supply for I ² C core logic and output buffers. Connected to 3.3V supply.
VDD	1, 5, 24, 28	P	Power Connection: Power supply for core logic and output buffers. Connected to 3.3V supply.
GND	4, 8, 16, 21, 25	G	Ground Connection: Connect all ground pins to the common system ground plane.
OE	20	I	Output Enable: Internal 250-k Ω pull-up resistor. Three-states outputs when LOW.

Functional Description

Output Control Pins

Outputs three-stated when OE = 0, and toggle when OE = 1. Outputs are in phase with BUF_IN but are phase delayed by 1 to 5 ns. Outputs can also be controlled via the I²C interface.

Output Drivers

The W40S11-03 output buffers are CMOS type, which deliver a rail-to-rail (GND to V_{DD}) output voltage swing into a nominal capacitive load. Thus, output signaling is both TTL and CMOS level compatible. Nominal output buffer impedance is 15Ω.

Operation

Data is written to the W40S11-03 in ten bytes of eight bits each. Bytes are written in the order shown in *Table 1*.

Table 1. Byte Writing Sequence

Byte Sequence	Byte Name	Bit Sequence	Byte Description
1	Slave Address	11010010	Commands the W40S11-03 to accept the bits in Data Bytes 0–6 for internal register configuration. Since other devices may exist on the same common serial data bus, it is necessary to have a specific slave address for each potential receiver. The slave receiver address for the W40S11-03 is 11010010. Register setting will not be made if the Slave Address is not correct (or is for an alternate slave receiver).
2	Command Code	Don't Care	Unused by the W40S11-03, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Command Code Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
3	Byte Count	Don't Care	Unused by the W40S11-03, therefore bit values are ignored ("don't care"). This byte must be included in the data write sequence to maintain proper byte allocation. The Byte Count Byte is part of the standard serial communication protocol and may be used when writing to another addressed slave receiver on the serial data bus.
4	Data Byte 0	Refer to <i>Table 2</i>	The data bits in these bytes set internal W40S11-03 registers that control device operation. The data bits are only accepted when the Address Byte bit sequence is 11010010, as noted above. For description of bit control functions, refer to <i>Table 2</i> , Data Byte Serial Configuration Map.
5	Data Byte 1		
6	Data Byte 2		
7	Data Byte 3	Don't Care	Refer to Cypress clock drivers.
8	Data Byte 4		
9	Data Byte 5		
10	Data Byte 6		

Writing Data Bytes

Each bit in the data bytes control a particular device function. Bits are written MSB (most significant bit) first, which is bit 7.

Table 2 gives the bit formats for registers located in Data Bytes 0–6.

Table 2. Data Bytes 0–2 Serial Configuration Map^[2]

Bit(s)	Affected Pin		Control Function	Bit Control	
	Pin No.	Pin Name		0	1
Data Byte 0 SDRAM Active/Inactive Register (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable)					
7	11	SDRAM5	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
6	10	SDRAM4	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
5	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
4	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
3	7	SDRAM3	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
2	6	SDRAM2	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
1	3	SDRAM1	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
0	2	SDRAM0	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
Data Byte 1 SDRAM Active/Inactive Register (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable)					
7	27	SDRAM11	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
6	26	SDRAM10	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
5	23	SDRAM9	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
4	22	SDRAM8	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
3	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
2	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
1	19	SDRAM7	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
0	18	SDRAM6	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
Data Byte 2 SDRAM Active/Inactive Register (1 = Enable, 0 = Disable)					
7	17	SDRAM13	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
6	12	SDRAM12	Clock Output Disable	Low	Active
5	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
4	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
3	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
2	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
1	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--
0	N/A	Reserved	(Reserved)	--	--

Note:

- At power-up all SDRAM outputs are enabled and active. It is recommended to program Bits 4 and 5 of Byte 0 and Bits 2 and 3 of Byte 1 to a "0" to save power and reduce noise.

How To Use the Serial Data Interface

Electrical Requirements

Figure 1 illustrates electrical characteristics for the serial interface bus used with the W40S11-03. Devices send data over the bus with an open drain logic output that can (a) pull the bus line LOW, or (b) let the bus default to logic 1. The pull-up resistors on the bus (both clock and data lines) establish a default

logic 1. All bus devices generally have logic inputs to receive data.

Although the W40S11-03 is a receive-only device (no data write-back capability), it does transmit an “acknowledge” data pulse after each byte is received. Thus, the SDATA line can both transmit and receive data.

The open drain output and pull-up resistor should be sized to meet the rise and fall times specified in AC parameters, taking into consideration total bus line capacitance.

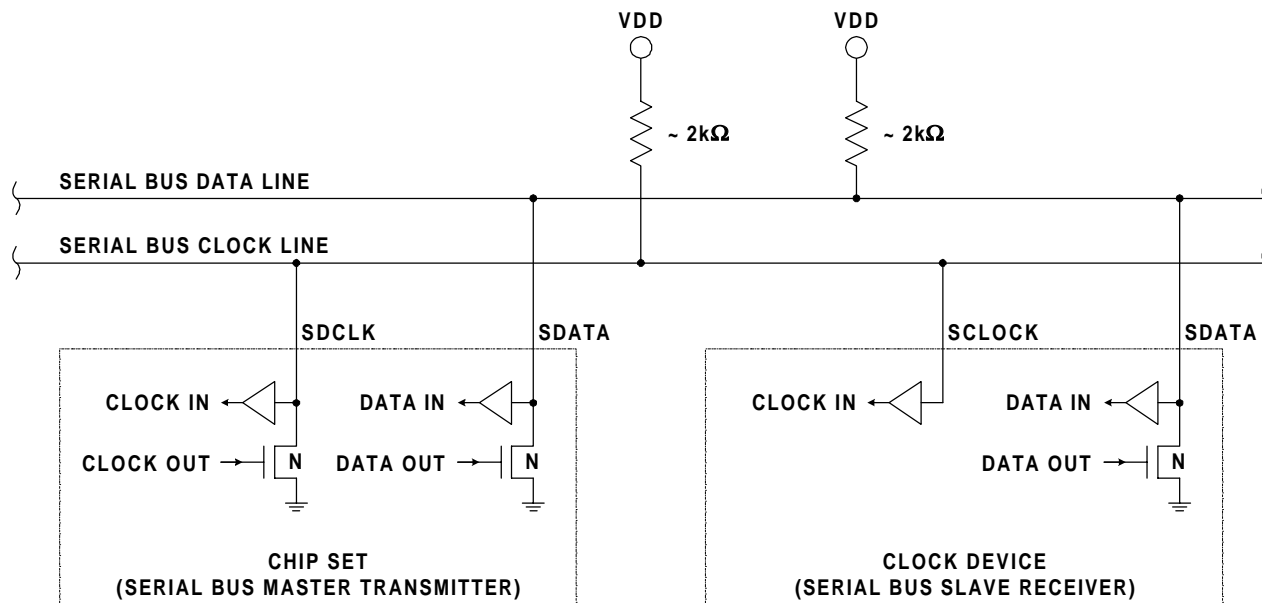


Figure 1. Serial Interface Bus Electrical Characteristics

Signaling Requirements

As shown in *Figure 2*, valid data bits are defined as stable logic 0 or 1 condition on the data line during a clock HIGH (logic 1) pulse. A transitioning data line during a clock HIGH pulse may be interpreted as a start or stop pulse (it will be interpreted as a start or stop pulse if the start/stop timing parameters are met).

A write sequence is initiated by a “start bit” as shown in *Figure 3*. A “stop bit” signifies that a transmission has ended.

As stated previously, the W40S11-03 sends an “acknowledge” pulse after receiving eight data bits in each byte as shown in *Figure 4*.

Sending Data to the W40S11-03

The device accepts data once it has detected a valid start bit and address byte sequence. Device functionality is changed upon the receipt of each data bit (registers are not double buffered). Partial transmission is allowed meaning that a transmission can be truncated as soon as the desired data bits are transmitted (remaining registers will be unmodified). Transmission is truncated with either a stop bit or new start bit (restart condition).

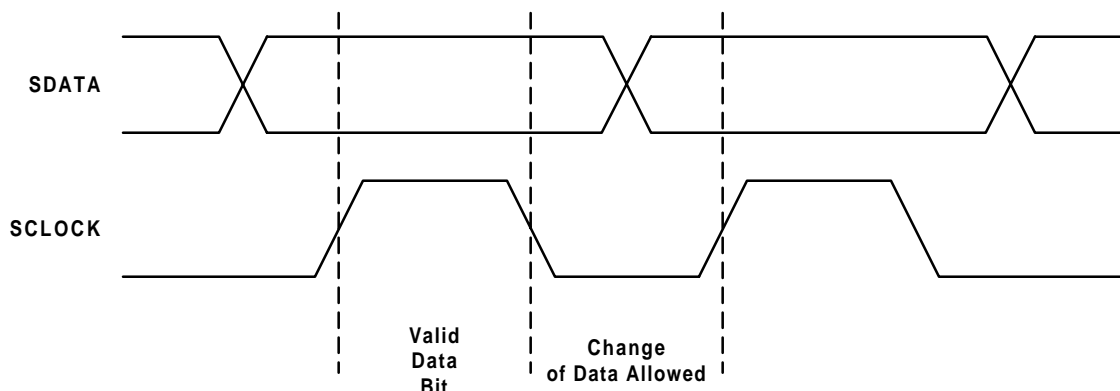


Figure 2. Serial Data Bus Valid Data Bit

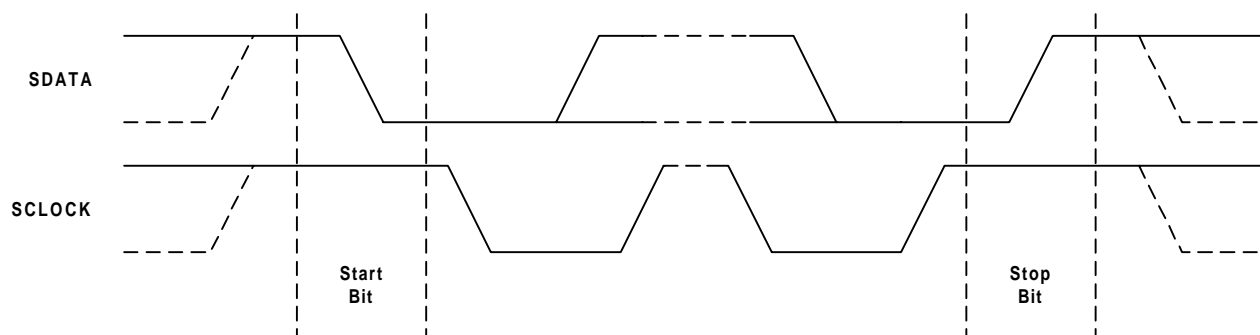


Figure 3. Serial Data Bus Start and Stop Bit

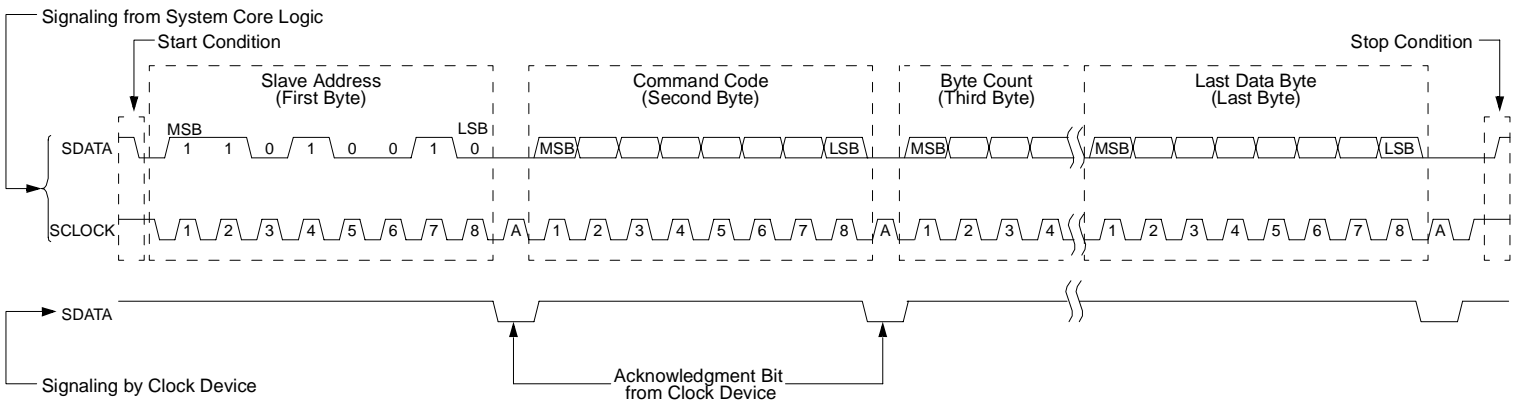


Figure 4. Serial Data Bus Write Sequence

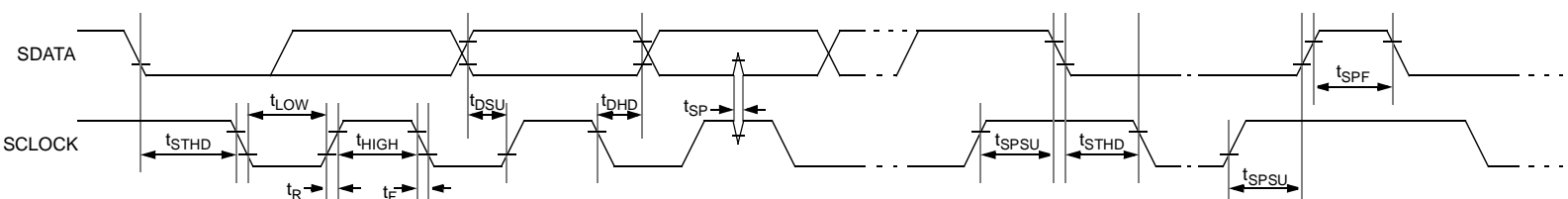


Figure 5. Serial Data Bus Timing Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions

above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Parameter	Description	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}, V_{IN}	Voltage on any pin with respect to GND	-0.5 to +7.0	V
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_A	Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
T_B	Ambient Temperature under Bias	-55 to +125	°C

DC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 5\%$

Parameter	Description	Test Condition/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{DD}	3.3V Supply Current	Note 4 at 100 MHz		240		mA
I_{DD} Tristate	3.3V Supply Current in Three-State	BUF_IN = 100 MHz		5		mA
Logic Inputs						
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage		$V_{SS} - 0.3$		0.8	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0		$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
I_{ILEAK}	Input Leakage Current, BUF_IN		-5		+5	μA
I_{ILEAK}	Input Leakage Current ^[3]		-20		+5	μA
Logic Outputs (SDRAM0:13)						
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			50	mV
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	3.1			V
I_{OL}	Output Low Current	$V_{OL} = 1.5\text{V}$	70	110	185	mA
I_{OH}	Output High Current	$V_{OH} = 1.5\text{V}$	65	100	160	mA
Pin Capacitance/Inductance						
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance (Except BUF_IN)				5	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Pin Capacitance				6	pF
L_{IN}	Input Pin Inductance				7	nH

Notes:

3. OE, SDATA, and SCLOCK logic pins have a 250-k Ω internal pull-up resistor (to $V_{DD} - 0.8\text{V}$).
4. All SDRAM outputs loaded by 6" transmission lines with 22-pF capacitors on ends.

AC Electrical Characteristics: $T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 5\%$ (Lump Capacitance Test Load = 30 pF)

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IN}	Input Frequency		0		133	MHz
t_R	Output Rise Edge Rate	Measured from 0.4V to 2.4V	1.5		4.0	V/ns
t_F	Output Fall Edge Rate	Measured from 2.4V to 0.4V	1.5		4.0	V/ns
t_{SR}	Output Skew, Rising Edges				250	ps
t_{SF}	Output Skew, Falling Edges				250	ps
t_{EN}	Output Enable Time		1.0		8.0	ns
t_{DIS}	Output Disable Time		1.0		8.0	ns
t_{PR}	Rising Edge Propagation Delay		1.0		5.0	ns
t_{PF}	Falling Edge Propagation Delay		1.0		5.0	ns
t_D	Duty Cycle	Measured at 1.5V	45		60	%
Z_o	AC Output Impedance			15		Ω

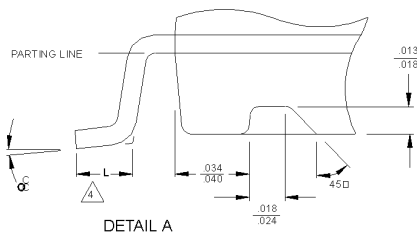
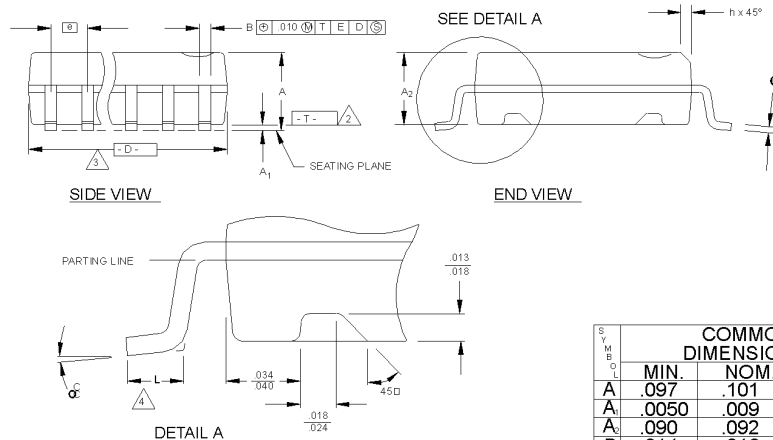
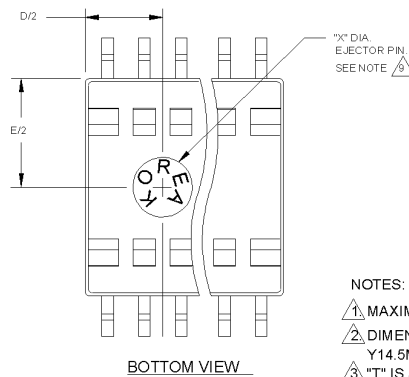
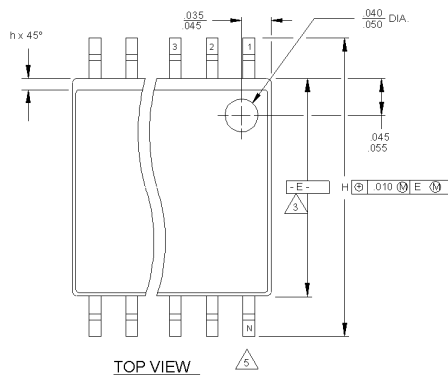
Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Freq. Mask Code	Package Name	Package Type
W40S11	-03	G	28-pin SOIC (300 mils)

Document #: 38-00899-**

Package Diagrams

28-Pin Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC, 0.300 inch)



NOTES:

1. MAXIMUM DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS .025.
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
3. "T" IS A REFERENCE DATUM.
4. "D" & "E" ARE REFERENCE DATUMS AND DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, BUT DOES INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE MEASURED AT THE MOLD PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 INCHES PER SIDE.
5. "L" IS THE LENGTH OF TERMINAL FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.
6. "N" IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINAL POSITIONS.
7. TERMINAL POSITIONS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
8. FORMED LEADS SHALL BE PLANAR WITH RESPECT TO ONE ANOTHER WITHIN .003 INCHES AT SEATING PLANE.
9. COUNTRY OF ORIGIN LOCATION AND EJECTOR PIN ON PACKAGE BOTTOM IS OPTIONAL AND DEPEND ON ASSEMBLY LOCATION.
10. THE POCKETS ON THE BOTTOM ARE OPTIONAL.
11. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.

THIS TABLE IN INCHES

SYMBOL	COMMON DIMENSIONS			NOTE VARIATIONS	3 D			5 N
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	.097	.101	.104	AA	.402	.407	.412	16
A ₁	.0050	.009	.0115	AB	.451	.456	.461	18
A ₂	.090	.092	.094	AC	.500	.505	.510	20
B	.014	.016	.019	AD	.602	.607	.612	24
C	.0091	.010	.0125	AE	.701	.706	.711	28
D	SEE VARIATIONS			3				
E	.292	.296	.299					
e	.050 BSC							
H	.400	.406	.410					
h	.010	.013	.016					
L	.024	.032	.040					
N	SEE VARIATIONS			5				
OC	0°	5°	8°					
X	.085	.093	.100					

THIS TABLE IN MILLIMETERS

SYMBOL	COMMON DIMENSIONS			NOTE VARIATIONS	3 D			5 N
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	2.46	2.56	2.64	AA	10.21	10.34	10.46	16
A ₁	0.127	0.22	0.29	AB	11.46	11.58	11.71	18
A ₂	2.29	2.34	2.39	AC	12.70	12.83	12.95	20
B	0.35	0.41	0.48	AD	15.29	15.42	15.54	24
C	0.23	0.25	0.32	AE	17.81	17.93	18.06	28
D	SEE VARIATIONS			3				
E	7.42	7.52	7.59					
e	1.27 BSC							
H	10.16	10.31	10.41					
h	0.25	0.33	0.41					
L	0.61	0.81	1.02					
N	SEE VARIATIONS			5				
OC	0°	5°	8°					
X	2.16	2.36	2.54					