



CYPRESS

CY7C1046B

## 1M x 4 Static RAM

### Features

- **High speed**  
—  $t_{AA} = 12 \text{ ns}$
- **Low active power**  
— 935 mW (max.)
- **Low CMOS standby power (L version)**  
— 2.75 mW (max.)
- **2.0V Data Retention (400  $\mu\text{W}$  at 2.0V retention)**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **TTL-compatible inputs and outputs**
- **Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  features**

### Functional Description

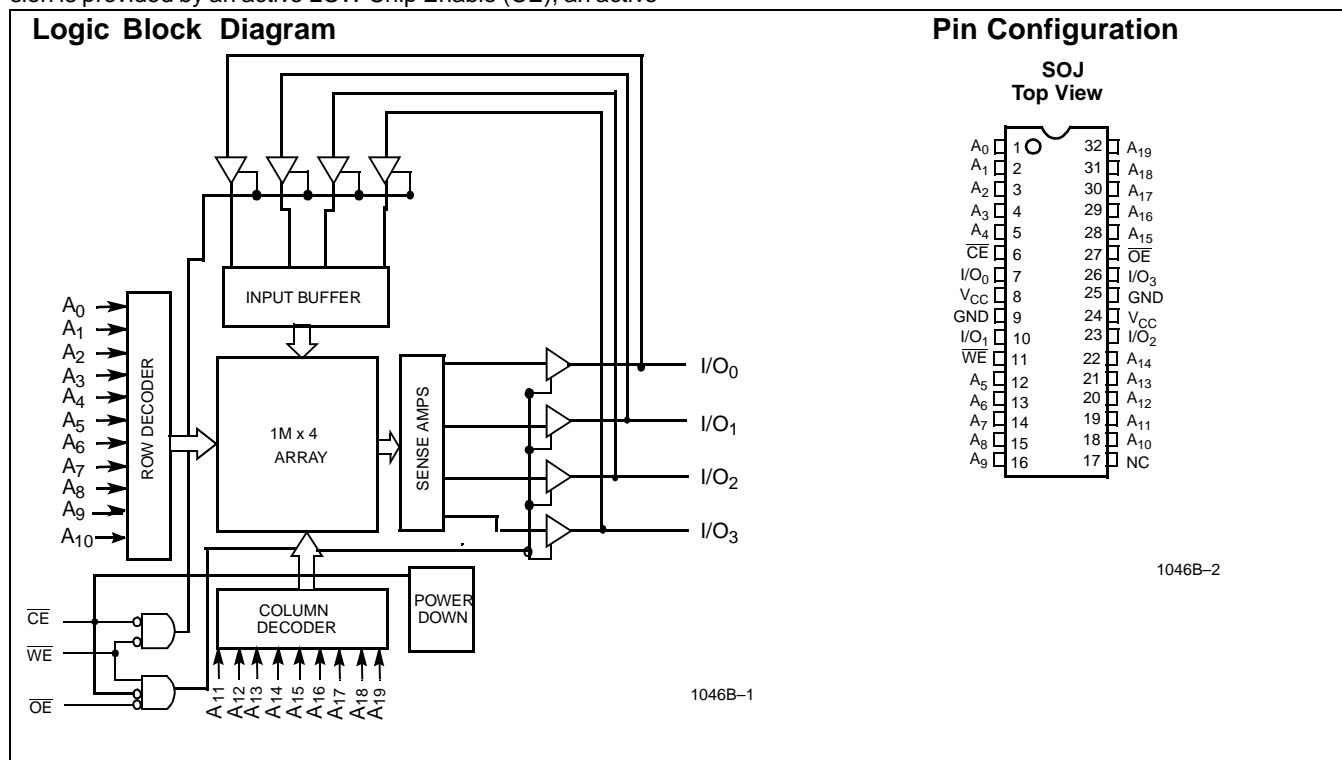
The CY7C1046B is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 4 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ), an active

LOW Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ), and three-state drivers. Writing to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) inputs LOW. Data on the four I/O pins ( $\text{I/O}_0$  through  $\text{I/O}_3$ ) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $\text{A}_0$  through  $\text{A}_{19}$ ).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) LOW while forcing Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the I/O pins.

The four input/output pins ( $\text{I/O}_0$  through  $\text{I/O}_3$ ) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$  HIGH), or during a write operation ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW, and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  LOW).

The CY7C1046B is available in a standard 400-mil-wide 32-pin SOJ package with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.



### Selection Guide

		7C1046B-12	7C1046B-15	7C1046B-20
Maximum Access Time (ns)		12	15	20
Maximum Operating Current (mA)		170	150	130
Maximum CMOS Standby Current (mA)	Com'l	8	8	8
	L version	0.5	0.5	0.5

Shaded areas contain advance information.

### Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Ambient Temperature with  
Power Applied  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

Supply Voltage on  $V_{CC}$  to Relative GND<sup>[1]</sup>  $-0.5\text{V}$  to  $+7.0\text{V}$

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs  
in High Z State<sup>[1]</sup>  $-0.5\text{V}$  to  $V_{CC} + 0.5\text{V}$

DC Input Voltage<sup>[1]</sup>  $-0.5\text{V}$  to  $V_{CC} + 0.5\text{V}$

Current into Outputs (LOW) 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage  $>2001\text{V}$   
(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch-Up Current  $>200\text{ mA}$

### Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature <sup>[2]</sup>	$V_{CC}$
Commercial	$0^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$	$4.5\text{V}$ – $5.5\text{V}$

### Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	7C1046B-12		7C1046B-15		7C1046B-20		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, I_{OH} = -4.0\text{ mA}$	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, I_{OL} = 8.0\text{ mA}$		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
$I_{IX}$	Input Load Current	$\text{GND} \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$	-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	Output Leakage Current	$\text{GND} \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled	-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$ Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.},$ $f = f_{\text{MAX}} = 1/t_{RC}$		170		150		130	mA
$I_{SB1}$	Automatic CE Power-Down Current —TTL Inputs	Max. $V_{CC}$ , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}$ , $f = f_{\text{MAX}}$		20		20		20	mA
$I_{SB2}$	Automatic CE Power-Down Current —CMOS Inputs	Max. $V_{CC}$ , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}$ , or $V_{IN} \leq 0.3\text{V}$ , $f = 0$	Com'I	8		8		8	mA
			L version	0.5		0.5		0.5	

Shaded areas contain advance information.

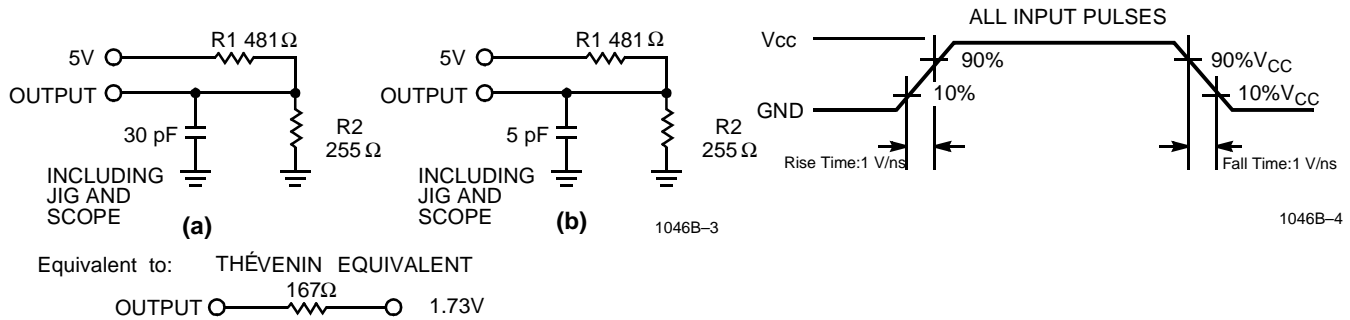
### Capacitance<sup>[3]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	6	pF
$C_{OUT}$	I/O Capacitance		6	pF

#### Note:

- $V_{IL}(\text{min.}) = -2.0\text{V}$  for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
- $T_A$  is the "Instant On" case temperature.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

## AC Test Loads and Waveforms



## Switching Characteristics<sup>[4]</sup> Over the Operating Range

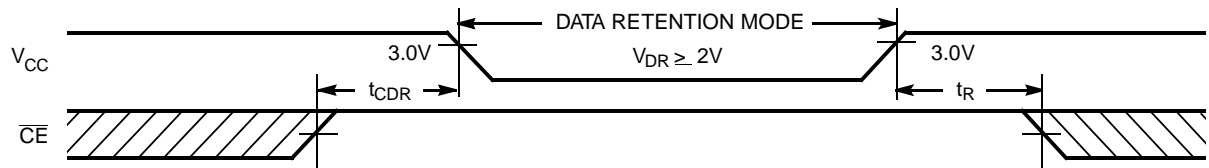
Parameter	Description	7C1046B-12		7C1046B-15		7C1046B-20		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
READ CYCLE								
t <sub>power</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access <sup>[5]</sup>	1		1		1		μs
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		12		15		20	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		12		15		20	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		6		7		8	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z <sup>[7]</sup>	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z <sup>[6, 7]</sup>		6		7		8	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High Z <sup>[6, 7]</sup>		6		7		8	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Power-Up	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to Power-Down		12		15		20	ns
WRITE CYCLE <sup>[8, 9]</sup>								
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	12		15		20		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	8		10		15		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	8		10		15		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	8		10		12		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	6		8		10		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z <sup>[7]</sup>	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z <sup>[6, 7]</sup>		6		7		8	ns

### Notes:

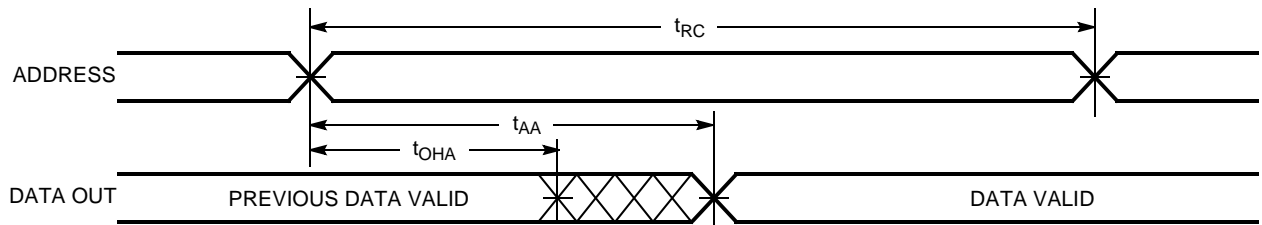
- Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  and 30-pF load capacitance.
- This part has a voltage regulator which steps down the voltage from 5V to 3.3V internally.  $t_{power}$  time has to be provided initially before a read/write operation is started.
- $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured  $\pm 500$  mV from steady-state voltage.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.
- The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{CE}$  LOW, and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW.  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of either of these signals can terminate the write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle no. 3 ( $\overline{WE}$  controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW) is the sum of  $t_{HZWE}$  and  $t_{SD}$ .

**Data Retention Characteristics** Over the Operating Range

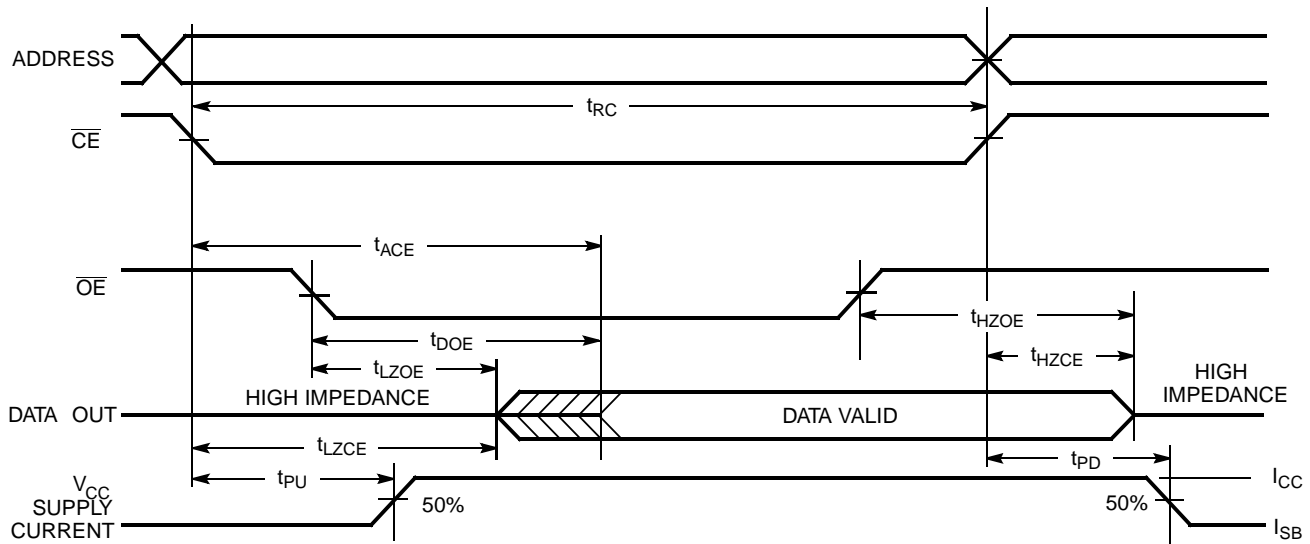
Parameter	Description		Conditions <sup>[10]</sup>	Min.	Max	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention			2.0		V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data Retention Current	Com'l	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>DR</sub> = 2.0V, CE ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3V V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.3V or V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.3V		200	μA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time			0		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Operation Recovery Time			200		μs

**Data Retention Waveform**


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**Switching Waveforms**
**Read Cycle No. 1<sup>[11, 12]</sup>**


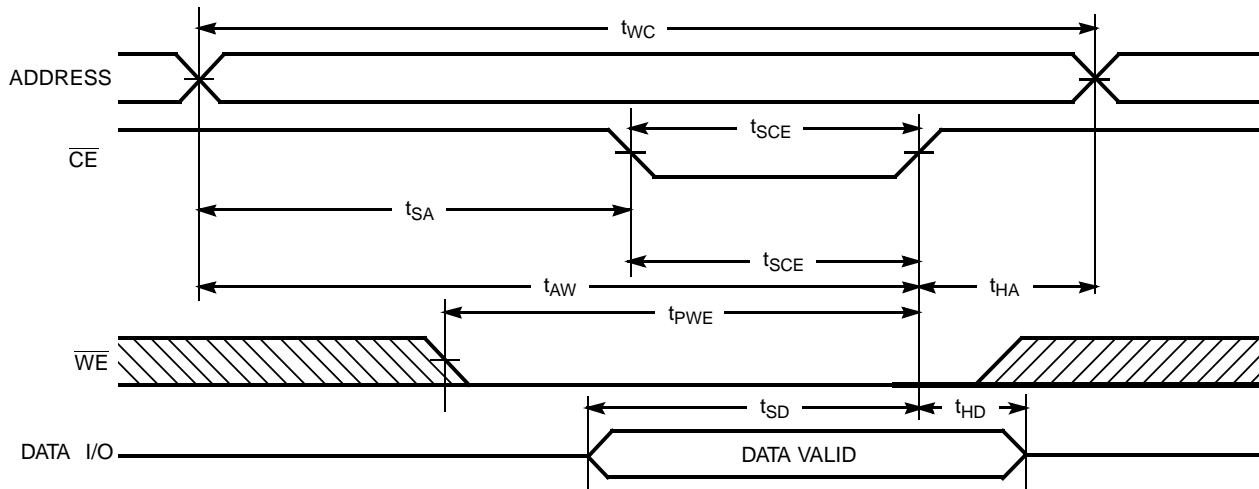
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**Read Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{OE}$  Controlled)<sup>[12, 13]</sup>**


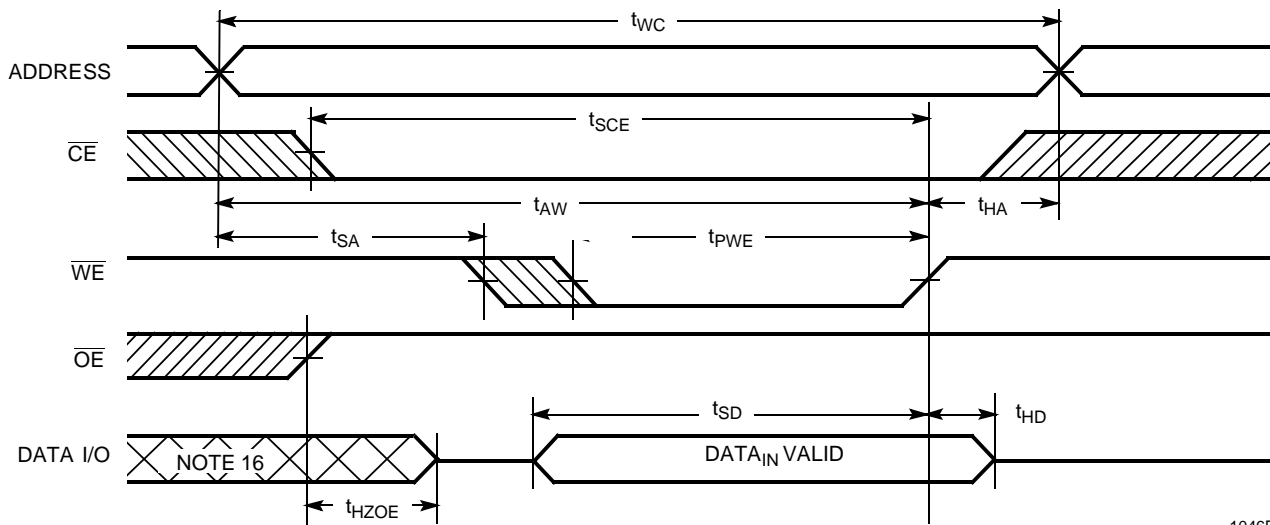
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**Notes:**

10. No input may exceed  $V_{CC} + 0.5V$ .
11. Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .
12.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.
13. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}$  transition LOW.

**Switching Waveforms (continued)**
**Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  Controlled)<sup>[14, 15]</sup>**


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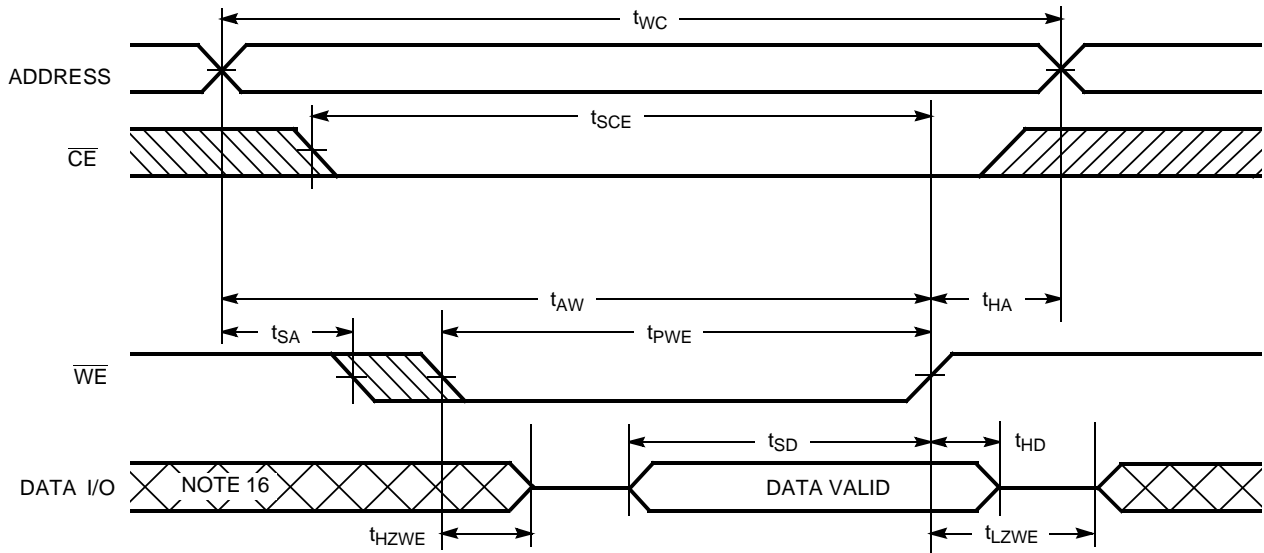
**Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  HIGH During Write)<sup>[14, 15]</sup>**


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**Notes:**

14. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$ .
15. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
16. During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.

**Switching Waveforms** (continued)

**Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW)<sup>[15]</sup>**


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**Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
12	CY7C1046B-12VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	Commercial
15	CY7C1046B-15VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	
20	CY7C1046B-20VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	
12	CY7C1046BL-12VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	
15	CY7C1046BL-15VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	
20	CY7C1046BL-20VC	V33	32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ	

Shaded areas contain advance information.

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## Package Diagram

### 32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ V33

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES MIN.  
MAX.

